

## 3.—Volume of Wood Cut, by Type of Product, 1961-63

Type of Product	1961		1962		1963	
	Quantity Reported or Estimated	Equivalent Volume in M cu. ft. <sup>1</sup>	Quantity Reported or Estimated	Equivalent Volume in M cu. ft. <sup>1</sup>	Quantity Reported or Estimated	Equivalent Volume in M cu. ft. <sup>1</sup>
Logs and bolts..... M ft. b.m.	8,800,339	1,684,991	9,934,202	1,894,740	10,903,237	2,083,854
Pulpwood..... cord	15,474,266	1,315,314	14,624,151	1,243,052	15,511,520	1,318,479
Fuelwood..... "	2,993,845	239,508	2,816,193	225,296	2,643,700	210,896
Poles and piling..... M cu. ft.	24,820	24,820	25,887	25,887	18,881	18,881
Round mining timber..... cord	77,394	6,578	67,479	5,716	64,694	5,498
Fence posts..... No.	10,453,673	12,545	13,481,772	16,178	18,797,800	22,557
Fence rails..... "	769,345	770	894,063	894	732,550	733
Wood for charcoal..... cord	38,750	3,100	39,500	3,160	46,000	3,680
Miscellaneous roundwood... M cu. ft.	15,663	15,663	16,879	16,879	6,658	6,658
<b>Totals.....</b>	...	<b>3,303,239</b>	...	<b>3,451,802</b>	...	<b>3,671,236</b>

<sup>1</sup> In estimating the annual cut, certain factors have been used to convert commercial units to cubic feet. The factor for logs and bolts for the British Columbia coastal region is 175 cu. ft. per M ft. b.m. logscale and for the remainder of Canada 200; the factor for rough pulpwood and round mining timber is 85, for fuelwood and wood for charcoal 80, fence posts 1.2 and fence rails 1.

## Subsection 2.—Wood Industries

The standard industrial classification subdivides the wood industries group into the following industries: sawmills and planing mills, shingle mills, veneer and plywood mills, sash, door and other millwork plants, hardwood flooring mills, wooden box factories, the coffin and casket industry and miscellaneous wood industries. The latter item is further subdivided into the wood preservation industry, the wood handles and turning industry, the woodenware industry, the cooperage industry and miscellaneous wood industries, *n.e.s.*

The sawmills and planing mills, the shingle mills, the veneer and plywood mills and the particle board plants (the latter are included in the miscellaneous wood industries, *n.e.s.* group) mainly use roundwood as a raw material and sometimes are called primary wood industries and are dealt with separately below. The other industries, which constitute the secondary wood industries, further manufacture part of the production of the primary wood industries into a great variety of products. However, most of the production of the primary wood industries is not further processed.

**Sawmill and Planing Mill Industry.**—Lumber is by far the most important single product of this industry and, as shown in Table 10, British Columbia is the most important province in this field. It should also be noted that the shipment figures of Tables 10 and 11 contain a certain element of duplication because sales of lumber from one sawmill to another will be reported as shipments by both establishments. Similar situations occur in most industries to a greater or lesser extent.

In addition to the lumber produced by the sawmill and planing mill industry, a small amount is produced by establishments classified to other industries, bringing total lumber production in Canada in 1964 to 10,363,564 M ft.b.m.